





To land of which was one red-  
mption from 3 per cent. to 10 per cent.  
to be paid by the company upon  
the falling due during the next five years.  
It is a partial concession to the wishes  
of the company, which desired a  
rate of interest for the first  
five years, for capitalizing the difference be-  
tween the 12 per cent. rate and the full 3 per  
cent. for five years, so that the effect of the  
change is to reduce the amount of payments  
at a time, but to make the final payments  
so heavy enough to cover the difference. The  
committee also struck out of the fourth sec-  
tion the clause relating to government guar-  
antee of bonds.

Alaska is becoming a very important part  
of the national government, and in the  
regulation of the national capital  
it is more of a figure than any  
other territory in the Union. The  
most of the territory has been and is still of the  
most enormous interest. The great  
question of the census in Alaska was very  
widely discussed. The present com-  
missioners will arrange the customs districts  
and secure buildings under bills introduced  
by Senator Ralph of Oregon. The appro-  
priation for the education of children was  
probably increased from \$50,000 to  
\$75,000, as the commissioner of education so  
recommended, and the committee on appro-  
priations will no doubt agree to the in-  
crease. Everything about Alaska is of  
new or less interest in the East, as it  
is the great unexplored region of Uncle  
Sam's dominions.

Turpie, of Indiana, has made the best  
speech in the senate on the democratic side  
in the Montana case, and Teller, of Colo-  
rado, on the republican side. Turpie's speech  
was a scorching one, and has been all  
the subject of comment. Sena-  
tor Ingalls, of California, made the  
reply in his scorching denunciations  
of his methods. To-day Teller  
turned the tables by referring to the ques-  
tion of a vote method resorted to by the Indiana  
Legislature to elect a majority on joint bil-  
l. He showed how the Indiana legisla-  
ture had shown no regard for the constitu-  
tion in electing a majority on joint bil-  
l. He was not butting him in the least by re-  
ferring to vote, and he is enjoying life and  
times that Magnin and Clark are doing  
the same.

On Monday introduced a bill amending  
the revised statutes in reference to bigamy.  
The bill provides that any person living in  
what is known as a polygamous marriage  
or who marries, advises or encourages  
any person to enter into polygamy, or who  
is a member of any organization which en-  
courages bigamy, or any person who as-  
sists in the solemnization of the ceremony  
of such a marriage, shall be deemed a  
felony or be elected to hold any civil office  
in the territory of Utah.

Senator Mitchell says that there is no  
doubt now of his amendment to the Chi-  
nese senators bill being adopted by the senate.  
The senators have acknowledged that in the  
present form it would repeal the exclusion  
clause of the Scott act, and that its features  
were amended so as to keep out Chinese as  
heretofore.

The house bill granting right of way to the  
Northern Pacific Railroad Company across  
the Nez Percé reservation, in Idaho, was  
favorably reported by the senate com-  
mittee on Indian affairs to-day.

#### IN THE SENATE.

Another Week's Day of the Interminable  
Montana Debate.  
WASHINGTON, April 10.—The senate,  
having the bills reported from committee,  
and placed on the calendar were the follow-  
ing:

The senate bill appropriating \$2,450,000 for im-  
provement of the Columbia river, Oregon, the  
provision for not to exceed \$700,000 in the  
house bill to add vessels disabled in waters be-  
tween the United States and Canada. The  
senate bill to revise the grade of lieutenant-gen-  
eral of the army.

The president pro tem (Ingalls) remarked  
that he was in error yesterday in allowing a  
motion to take up the Chinese enumeration  
bill while the Montana election case was dis-  
posed of either by being postponed, laid  
aside informally or other action.

Then the chair rules that the Montana  
case be proceeded until completed.

This gave notice that as soon as the Mont-  
ana matter was disposed of he would take  
the senate to take up and complete the Chi-  
nese enumeration bill.

The Montana election case was again  
taken up, and the majority of the  
committee, declaring the republican  
claims, Sanders and Power, entitled  
upon the merits of the case to seats in the  
senate from Montana.

At the conclusion of Call's speech Hor-  
apoke in support of the majority report.  
Gray replied to Hor, and then Teller  
addressed the senate. He regarded the ques-  
tion not from a partisan point of view, but  
as a question of the proper determination of  
justice which depended thereon.

He then said that the question was  
whether Montana should be allowed to select  
her own representatives. The plain logic of  
the arguments on the democratic side of the  
question was that the right to make a selection  
was reserved by the constitution. From that  
he dissented. Such doctrine would lead to  
chaos and confusion. What, he asked,  
would have been the condition of the senate  
past several years had not been so?

He then attempted to say for many years  
that the legislature of a state in  
selecting senators could not be subject to  
the interference of the federal government.

He then said that the senate  
had no right of interference. Righting that  
wrong was not entrusted to the senate of  
the United States, but to the people of In-  
diana. There was no legal distinction be-  
tween the cases. If the senate should ever  
proceed to make itself an investigating  
elections all over the country there would  
be an end of its usefulness, and he subse-  
quently to the senators on the other side that  
should as many of them were, they could  
not afford to insist that such power should  
be exercised by that body. Whether the  
returning board of Montana selected its  
legislature or not was not a question for  
the legislature of Montana.

He then said that in the Indiana case the  
legislature itself had been judicially upon the  
constituted seats, whereas the legislature of  
Montana had passed judicially upon the  
constituted seats from Silver Bow county. If  
it had done so there would have been no  
dispute in the case.

Senator Teller said that the facts suffi-  
ciently stated in the minority report to con-  
firm his judgment. He read three para-  
graphs from the minority report, and said  
it was apparent therefrom that as to the  
five representatives from Silver Bow county,  
form. The senate of Montana was a lie, and  
in the house there were twenty-five repub-

lican members and twenty-four democratic  
members, about whose rights to seats there  
was no question. There was therefore a re-  
publican majority of thirty-five, or if the  
constituted Silver Bow county had come  
to be decided by the house, there was a ma-  
jority on the republican side by which the  
republican claimants could have been seated.  
These simple facts, he thought,  
contained all the elements of a just decision  
in the matter, and showed that the re-  
publican claimants for seats in the senate had  
a majority on joint ballot and had a majority  
in the house, without any reference to the  
members from Silver Bow county.

Edmunds and Eastland had a brief personal  
fight, based on Edmunds' remarks made a  
couple of weeks ago. Eastland then argued  
on the Montana matter.

Sherman asked whether twenty-five re-  
publican members of the house did not con-  
stitute a majority of that body. Eastland ad-  
mitted that numerically twenty-five were  
more than twenty-four, but added that  
twenty-five did not make a quorum, and in  
the constitutional meaning twenty-five was  
a larger number than twenty-four. A  
quorum was twenty-eight. He went on to  
relate some matters with his own experi-  
ence of returning board measures in his  
own state, and spoke of a legislative  
body of which he had been a member there  
having been enjoined by a drunken federal  
judge from passing any law, and of the  
office, and of the having taken the oath in  
reference to that injunction. He also  
referred to the seating of William Pitt Kellogg  
in the senate of the United States, and said  
with that act on the part of the republican  
party before him, he would not be in the  
least excited surprise in regard to any con-  
flict to elect a majority in regard to any con-  
flict to elect a majority in regard to any con-

The debate drifted again in the direction  
of the Turpie case, and Voorhees spoke on  
that subject.

He then having been proposed by Ken-  
nedy as a member of the committee on in-  
quiry into the credentials of the twenty-five  
questioned credentials (forty-two being  
quorum) could go to work and organize and  
pass upon the credentials of forty-two whose  
title was questioned.

East said he would like to think over it  
before he attempted to answer it.

That was precisely the point, the ques-  
tion that presented itself in the Montana  
case.

Partial responses to the question were  
made by several senators, but Kennas said  
none of them came straight to the point.

#### IN THE HOUSE.

Naval Appropriation Bill Discussed and  
Favorably Reported.  
WASHINGTON, April 10.—The house went  
into committee of the whole on the naval  
appropriation bill. Peters moved to strike  
out the entire clause for increase of the  
navy. He believed the United States had  
no need of battleships, and possessed all  
the naval resources that it required.

Canon said he did not know much about  
the navy, but nevertheless he began to sus-  
pect he knew as much as the experts on the  
floor. He had watched naval progress, and  
learned those things proposed to be built would  
be obsolete before completion. He be-  
lieved in a small compact and powerful  
navy, including the best type of vessels  
but the navy department had reported that  
the Maine and Texas, now building, would  
never be duplicated. He was lost in the  
conflicting opinions of experts.

Mr. C. C. Coker, who represented a  
district in which there existed many Quak-  
ers who had sent him numerous petitions  
requesting him to vote against an appropri-  
ation for increase of the navy. They knew  
this preparation for warfare was in the di-  
rection of war with foreign countries.

After further debate Holman moved to  
strike out the paragraph providing for three  
battleships, but leaving in the provision for  
an armed cruiser; agreed to.

Adams, of Illinois, offered an amendment  
providing for three low free board coast and  
harbor defense vessels of the monitor type,  
at a cost not to exceed \$2,500,000 each.

Peters then withdrew his motion to strike  
out the entire clause. The bill was then  
favorably reported to the house, but no final  
action was taken, and the house adjourned.

**SOUTHERN PACIFIC IN POLITICS.**  
Creed Haymond, the Disbarred Soli-  
citor, Could Turn Montana's Evidence.  
SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—Both Senator  
Stanford and C. P. Huntington declined to  
be interviewed to-day when a newspaper re-  
porter endeavored to inquire into the  
personal difficulties that have arisen be-  
tween the two men. Creed Haymond, a  
general solicitor of the company, was asked:  
"What do you think will be Mr. Huntington's  
policy in the administration of the affairs of the  
company?"

"Well, he has already announced a policy.  
Whether he will be able to carry it out or not  
I cannot say. He has said that he will  
conduct the company as the people who are  
now running it."

"The cause of the interview between  
Huntington and Stanford is a feeling between  
them that has been there for some time. When  
Colonel Crocker went East he hoped to smooth  
it down. He returned thinking he had  
done so. This is the cause of the interview  
as to anybody else. I did not see  
any of Mr. Huntington's remarks before the board  
of directors was read only as far as his reference  
to Mr. Stanford's election as United States senator.  
There was not a cent of this company's money  
used for that purpose, though Mr. Huntington  
has said so. It is a common saying that a rail-  
road company may think it is wise to contribute  
to the funds of one or both parties. A large cor-  
poration which has very many sources of ex-  
penditure which are not really its own."

"Who will be your successor as head of the  
department, Mr. Haymond?"

"Harvey B. Brown will be the man. I think  
it is true, as has been said, that your ques-  
tion was caused by the fact that you were a close  
friend of Senator Stanford and aided him in his  
political ambitions."

"Senator Stanford never had a political ambi-  
tion. The full history of that campaign never  
been published. Some day it may all come  
out and show that the two men had no inter-  
ests in the matter. He had no interest in  
nomination to save the republican party  
from utter ruin and destruction. The reason  
why the board of directors elected him was  
probably to give him a seat in the world, and  
one of them is Creed Haymond."

"Will the senate be a candidate for re-election?"

"Oh, yes, he will be elected. I was not out  
for him before, but now I am."

**EX-GOVERNOR CORNELL IN MIDING.**  
His Creditors Unable to Secure Service of  
Process Upon Him.  
NEW YORK, April 10.—Some of the credi-  
tors of Alonzo B. Cornell, who have ob-  
tained judgments against him on some un-  
paid notes, are having about \$50,000 worth  
of property attached to them, and are anxious  
to ascertain where he is at present, in  
order that the sheriff may serve process  
upon him. For the last two or three weeks  
process-servers have sought the ex-governor  
in vain.

**IN THE CITY OF HUNGER.**  
Fendless Miner, Unable to Find Work,  
Commits Suicide in San Francisco.  
SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—Frank Carroll, a middle-aged  
miner, recent from Missouri, succumbed to  
asphyxiation this morning. He was without  
money and unable to find employment.

For low rates, excellent accommodations and  
all the features that constitute a suc-  
cessful and enjoyable trip, the Northern Pacific  
railroad, through its Pullman, Minneapolis,  
drawing-room and sleeping cars, New York  
sleepers under the direction of the Pull-  
man Car company are attached to the  
daily through train. No better service can  
be found. Ticket office, No. 181 First street,  
corner Washington.

**Smoke Fanny Kidel Ping Out.**  
The house there were twenty-five repub-

## A GRAY'S HARBOR RACE

The Northern Pacific Buys a  
Road Nearly Completed.

BLAKELY LINE TO BE FINISHED

Northern Pacific About to Build to Shoalwater  
Bay—Astoria & South Coast Road Vig-  
orously Pushed.

SEATTLE, April 10.—[Special Telegram.]—  
Arrangements have been concluded by  
which the Northern Pacific will absorb the  
Pugot Sound & Gray's Harbor road, extend-  
ing from Kamillee, on Little Skookum bay,  
to Montesano, on the Chehalis river, a dis-  
tance of about forty miles. The Puget  
Sound & Gray's Harbor road is owned by the  
Port Blakely Mill Company, and the price  
to be paid is \$25,000 per mile. It is under-  
stood that the Northern Pacific will connect  
this road with its main line and extend the  
road from Montesano to Gray's Harbor City.  
The transfer will probably take place on  
the 20th inst.

The Puget Sound and Gray's Harbor road  
was originally projected as a logging road  
through the mill company's timber, and  
construction was commenced about three  
years ago and completed last fall. It cost  
about \$20,000, and was what is called a  
class piece of work. It has paid well since  
completion, as it runs through one of the  
finest timbered regions in the West. It is  
not unlikely that a branch will be built to  
Olympia.

The object of the Northern Pacific in ac-  
quiring this road is said to be twofold, first,  
to secure a line to Gray's harbor, and  
secondly, to head off the Hunt system, which  
extends from Chehalis to Gray's Harbor  
City, and which is said to be becoming  
troublesome to the Northern Pacific.

**RAILROADS AROUND ASTORIA.**  
Dirt Flying on the South Coast Line to  
Shoalwater Bay.

ASTORIA, April 10.—[Special Telegram.]—  
It was learned late to-night that the Parker  
contract on the Astoria & South Coast rail-  
road main line, between Seaside Junction  
and Lewis and Clark, was completed  
within a fortnight. Two hundred  
and fifty men have been working steadily  
on this all winter and spring. Hoffman  
will take up the work from Lewis and  
Clark to the mouth of the Hillsboro sec-  
tion, ten miles of which will be ready for  
a distance of sixty-eight miles. The  
road can be completed in eight months. The  
Reid interest is confident that the work will  
not be interrupted, saying that if Hunt-  
ington does not take the bonds another party  
stands ready to do so.

Representatives of men high in the con-  
fidence of President Hill of the Great North-  
ern here to-night say that the line is liable  
to be built to Astoria, and surely to the mouth  
of the Columbia.

A. J. Hoger and H. S. Tison, of the  
Northern Pacific, passed through here to-  
day for Shoalwater bay. A contract has  
been signed for the construction of a line  
from the Pacific division of the Northern  
Pacific to South Bend, by John Hill, a New  
York capitalist. Tison and Hoger are be-  
lieved to be looking after the terminals and  
route.

**CALVIN'S CHECK OUTWORN.**  
The Southern Oregon Presbytery Strongly  
Recommends Calvin's Revocation.

JACKSONVILLE, April 10.—[Special Tele-  
gram.]—The Southern Oregon presbytery  
resumed the discussion of revocation as the  
second order of the day, reaching a vote at  
8 P. M. which stood eleven for and four  
against. Rev. R. and P. McLean opposed  
revocation earnestly, but the other minis-  
ters represented in the presbytery, Rev. Lott,  
of Linkville, and Marcus, of Oregon, are  
present to-day. The next session of the  
presbytery will be held at Oakland.

At the same time, with Rev. R. and P. McLean,  
Elder O. W. Walker as also Rev. J. L. Lusk,  
were elected as delegates to the general assembly.  
The session closes to-night with the loca-  
tion of the school, which is a question of  
great importance to the people of Jackson-  
ville.

**UNPAID BILLS BECOME LAW.**  
The Pacific Postal Telegraph Co. Now  
Able to Build New Lines.

OLYMPIA, April 10.—[Special Telegram.]—  
The following bills were filed to-day, which,  
according to a special provision of the  
constitution, became laws without the gov-  
ernor's approval: Senate bill 223, to declare  
the rights of telegraph and telephone  
companies; house bill 224, relating to  
building, loan and savings institutions;  
house bill 213, for restoration of court  
records, destroyed by fire, etc.; house  
bill 177, the revenue law; house  
bill 178, regulating the practice  
of medicine; senate bill 179, relating  
to the time of action for the recovery of  
estate sold by executors, administrators,  
etc.; senate bill 73, secretary of state, etc.;  
senate bill 146, for the relief of purchasers  
of land; house bill 326, to secure  
equal privileges to residents of the state, re-  
gardless of sex; house bill 301, the state  
salary bill; house bill 322, commissioners of  
deeds, amending the original; senate bill  
183, amending railroad corporations to  
construct branches and to consolidate, etc.;  
senate bill 215, the harbor bill; house  
bill 216, the harbor bill.

All miscellaneous laws will now be sus-  
pended at the secretary of state's office, and  
the clerical force will at once be put to  
work making copies of all acts passed by  
the legislature and preparing them for the  
state printer.

The will of General Milroy has been pro-  
bated. He leaves his entire estate to his  
widow, and wills his three sons to his  
three sons.

**THE COOS BAY RAILROAD.**  
An Easy Route All the Way From Rose-  
burg-Rainbow to the Coast.

ROSEBURG, April 10.—[Special Telegram.]—  
The preliminary survey of the Roseburg &  
Coos Bay railroad has been completed, show-  
ing a distance of thirty miles from Rose-  
burg via Myrtle Point to the terminus at  
Coos bay. Coos, Curry and Douglas  
companies will be required to raise a subsidy  
of \$350,000, \$25,000 of which was raised in  
ten days, under which conditions the whole  
road will be completed within twelve  
months. The field notes show that the  
road is highly practicable, affording easy  
and cheap transportation, and the surround-  
ing country affords ample resources to fur-  
nish profitable traffic to make the road a  
good investment.

The north bound passenger train near  
Morning this morning ran over a map named  
Henry Drew, of Brooklyn, N. Y., who had  
been riding on the track.

**THE NEW STEAMER DETROIT.**  
To Be Launched at Ballard To-day, Will  
Fly on the Sound.

SEATTLE, April 10.—The elegant new  
steamer City of Detroit, will be launched  
for 200 passengers, will be launched  
on the shipyard at Ballard to-day.

**Seattle Bayward Home No. 10.**  
SEATTLE, April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—Charles Kaitavets, a Japanese  
servant employed in a disreputable house  
in this city, was stabbed in the back this  
morning by a drunken man. His assailant,  
with two other men, crowded into the  
house, and were ordered out. In retaliation  
they assaulted the Jap, beating him about the

head, and upon his resistance one of them  
stabbed him in the back. Neither has he  
yet been arrested. Kaitavets' wound is seri-  
ous and may prove fatal.

Oregon City, April 10.—[Special Telegram.]—  
Articles of incorporation were to-day filed  
with the secretary of state by the Oregon  
City Street Railway Company, object to  
construct and operate a street railway in Or-  
egon City; amount of capital stock, \$25,000;  
E. M. Atkinson, T. L. Chapman, George A.  
Harding, N. O. Walden, J. T. Person and  
H. C. Stevens, incorporators.

Governor Hays to-day appointed J.  
D. Cranston, Linkville, John van Ruyven,  
Eugene; H. T. Bingham, Portland, and  
William Kaiser, Salem, notaries public.

**RANDALL'S DEATH IS NEAR.**  
Weaker Last Night Than in the Morning.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—Randall continues  
to grow weaker. The end is in sight, but no  
one can tell how much longer he may be  
able to continue the struggle for life. An  
hour may witness his last moments, or he  
may prolong them several days. He re-  
tains strength enough to move about in bed,  
but life is now hardly more than mere ex-  
istence. Opium is given him to make him  
easier. Most of the time he is only semi-  
conscious. He takes nourishment with-  
out without fever. He takes nourishment with-  
out without fever. He takes nourishment with-  
out without fever.

This evening Randall's strength suffered  
another depletion, and he is weaker than in  
the morning. At midnight, however, he is  
resting easily.

**THE LABOR MOVEMENT.**  
Chicago Carpenters Winning the Laws  
Against Slave-Importing Not Enforced.

CHICAGO, April 10.—The carpenters' strike  
is still on, and the union, pointing out  
the fact that the law is not enforced, is  
growing impatient and threatens to put  
the contractors into new hands. On the  
strength of this there is a movement among  
some members of the Master Carpenters'  
Association to dissolve that body and allow  
its individual members to make what they  
set fit. Influential members of the  
association, however, are opposed to this  
action.

One hundred cigar rollers at the Columbia  
factory to-day joined the strikers who went  
out yesterday.

**NEW YORK, April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—**Samuel Gompers, president of the  
American Federation of Labor, testified be-  
fore the congressional committee on immi-  
gration this morning. He claimed to re-  
present 650,000 persons. He testified generally  
about the importation of contract labor.  
He said that the coal-mining companies, steam-  
ship lines and other agencies were largely  
interested and largely instrumental in the  
importation of contract labor. The laws in  
force were enough if executed. He would  
not recommend any more stringent immi-  
gration laws, but would advise that the laws  
now enacted should be strictly enforced.

**SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—**The sixth week of the iron-mold-  
ers' strike is about closing, and to men who  
have watched closely the progress made  
by the movement (and which seems to be as  
distant as ever. As far as known all pro-  
posals looking to the arbitration of differ-  
ences between the two conflicting parties  
have been disapproved by both, and the  
strike, however else proves the victor,  
is to be prolonged until one or the other be-  
comes exhausted.

**MURKIN, April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—**The freight division of  
the American Pacific coast line, and  
breakdown on the S. L. Louis division of  
the Mobile & Ohio railroad yesterday struck  
for standard wages and overtime. Owing to  
the bad condition of the roadbed and consequent  
numerous wrecks, they lose much time.

**NEW YORK, April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—**At a meeting to-night of de-  
legates representing four-fifths of the de-  
cided carpenters of New York it was decided  
to demand eight hours a day after May 1,  
and \$30 per day, the same wages as at  
present.

**ASHLAND, Pa., April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—**The Meridian colliery resumed  
to-day its normal employment, after sev-  
eral weeks of idleness.

**LIBANON, Ind., April 10.—**The employees  
of the Midland railroad went on strike to-  
day, claiming that their wages were five  
months in arrears.

**BOSTON, April 10.—**Nine hours, without re-  
duction in wages, has been granted 250  
workmen in marble factories.

**Sullivan-Corbett Match Arranged.**  
SAN FRANCISCO, April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—Members of the Olympic Club  
about to have received information from  
Seattle that Jim Corbett proposed four-round  
bouts with John L. Sullivan has been settled  
to come off in Brooklyn.

**Mrs. Ferdinand Ward Dead.**  
NEW YORK, April 10.—[Pacific Postal  
Special.]—Mrs. Ferdinand Ward died at Stam-  
ford, Conn., this morning. Her husband is  
in Sing Sing prison on account of the Grant-  
Ward case.

**Scratched twenty-eight years. Body covered with scaly psoriasis. Constant shedding of scales. Suffering from nervousness, and the usual remedies useless. \$2000 known away. Cured by CUTICURA. Cured Jan. 20, 1887. Cure permanent to date, Feb. 5, 1890.**

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## CHRISTIANS
















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 **FARMERS & MECHANICS**  
**STORE**

200.202.204.206.  
FIRST ST

6 AND 8  
TAYLOR ST

**GREAT SPECIAL SALES**

That gave so much satisfaction last season that we have again imported them for this Spring, 1890. For their superior quality and finish we contend that this is the grandest line ever imported to this city.

75 different patterns to select from—450 pcs., or something like 18,500 yards.

Our IMPERIAL SATEENS are standard values at 40

and 50c per yard.

The patterns and designs are something new and exclusive with us; the colorings are new and perfect. Will be placed on sale for, 3 days only, at

**24-c per Yard,**

**THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.**

---

**FANCY GOODS DEPARTMENT.**

---

**SPECIAL FEATURES**      **CHEMISE, 25, 45, 59, 69. 85c each.**

—FOR—

**Thursday, Friday & Saturday**  
—OF—  
**MUSLIN UNDERWEAR.**  
A saving of 25 per cent. from regular prices. See our display in center window.

**DRAWERS, 39, 49, 59, 89, 99c each**  
**SKIRTS, 49, 67, 72, 95c, 1.55 each**  
**GOWNS, 49, 79, 99c, \$1.12, \$1.39 each**

---

**DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT.**  
**SPECIAL FEATURES FOR THURSDAY, FRIDAY & SATURDAY**

<b>45c per Yard---46 Pieces,</b> <b>Colored Eureka Silk, 19 in. wide, worth 75c.</b>	<b>28c per Yard---13 Pieces,</b> <b>Colored Moire Silk, 18 in. wide, worth 75c.</b>
<b>57 1-2c per Yard---33 Pieces,</b> <b>China Silk, 24 in. wide, worth \$1.00.</b>	<b>\$1.19 per Yard---7 Pieces,</b> <b>Bl'k Satin Rhodanes, 22 wide, worth \$1 50</b>

**NOTICE TO OUR OUT OF TOWN CUSTOMERS** →  
Our Mail Order Department is fully organized and under careful supervision. Samples free upon application. Goods sent C. O. D. or on receipt of remittance by mail or express.

**WOMEN'S DEPARTMENT**  
222 204 203 FIRST ST. COR. TAYLOR ST.

**BE SURE**

You don't buy a dollar's worth of Clothing, Hats and Footwear, Cashmere

have seen A. E. STEINBACH & CO.'S elegant stock of Spring Goods.

---

Our supremacy in the clothing trade is due to our superior goods and matchless prices. The vast stock we have provided for the season of 1890 will still further spread our reputation as the most popular clothiers of Portland. We show every new and reliable material in single and double breasted Sack and Frock. In Spring Overcoats we have the latest shades in long and short cut.

---

**WE CARRY THE PALM OF THE CITY.**

Whether your requirements be a long or short Pant Suit, Sailor Jersey or Kilt Suit come to us and we will give you your choice from a stock exceeding the resources of any three stores in the city. Mothers who would see their Boys well dressed, and at small expense, should make their purchases this week. Our stock is now complete and our prices rock bottom.

**100 Doz. Men's French Crush Hats, twenty different shades, \$1 50**

See samples in our hat window.

A. S. Sternbach & Co.  
—POPULAR CLOTHIERS AND HATTERS—  
161 AND 163 FIRST, COR. MORRISON

---

CELEBRATED

When you are ready to lay aside your heavy winter clothing and prepare for lighter wearing apparel, you should not fail to see what the

\*\*\*\*\*  
A M O N

**★ ★ ★ ★ ★**

**\*\*\*\*\***

**\*\*\*\*\***

Offers you in that line. For business suits, we carry plain black and blue Cheviots, fancy Scotch and American Casimeres in frocks and sacks, at from

**\$7 50 TO \$30.**

Our stock being entirely new, is well adapted for first-class trade. Our strict one price system will help us to gain your confidence. As for low prices plain figures, and every figure represents the actual price and value of every we leave that for our patrons to judge for themselves. Every article marked in article. A complete line of

**CHILDREN'S CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS & HATS**

**FACTS**  
ONE PRICE, SQUARE DEALING  
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHER  
N. W. COR. MORRISON AND SECOND.







**RIGGEN & HOLBROOK**

48 STARK STREET. | RIGGEN & O'BROOK | 48 STARK STREET.

**Stages.**  
no genuine.

**K MEN**

youthful errors, early  
 1. mangled, etc., it will  
 2. containing full  
 3. of charge. A  
 4. could be read by every  
 5. debilitated, y. Andrew,  
 6. **Wooden, Conn.**







PRIZE + SALE.  
TO-DAY.  
These goods at 44 inches wide.  
Any length sold in combination.  
LAR SHADES.  
Cotta, Amethyst, Red, Br. w. n. Brown.  
quoted. These elegant settings  
C. 53.  
Third Street.  
ed Two Cases of  
DRESSES  
Edging, Van Dyke Points  
and Lace Effects.  
in window and on counters.  
WRINKLE  
SOUTH OF MORRISON ST.  
THIS WEEK—  
ATOGA HAS  
1, at 50c; former y sold at \$1.  
55 & 7 Washington st.  
FOR MEN ON Y  
POSITIVE CURE  
LINE! — LIKE!  
THE ENTIRE STOCK  
JEWELRY CO.  
PORTLAND, OREGON  
MAS  
AND CHEVON  
Stock of  
AND KITCHENS

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VOL. XXX—NO. 9211.

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# FOR JOINT SENATE FOR MORROW, GRANT AND HARNEY COUNTIES.

Union, April 10.—[Special Telegram.]—

The republican convention met here to-day to elect delegates to the county

convention. J. W. Norville, George Henderson,

N. Sanders, J. K. Romig, P. H. Russell,

Charles Goodnow and W. J. Towley.

The county ticket is as follows: Representatives,

J. A. Wright, Charles Goodnow; judge,

J. N. Sanders; commissioner, W. B. Arnold;

recorder, R. L. Carter; clerk, J. B. Eaton;

sheriff, A. N. Hamilton; school superintendent,

H. B. Strang; treasurer, J. A. McWhorter;

assessor, J. D. Guild; surveyor, J. W. Kimball;

coroner, J. G. Lewis. W. B. Reese was elected

chairman of the central committee for the next year. Resolutions

were adopted endorsing Harrison's administration,

the republican platform. Speaker Reed's action in

counting non-voting members as present and our

representatives in congress in their efforts to secure a

boat railway on the Columbia river.

PORTLAND, APRIL 10.—[Special Telegram.]—

The republicans of Dallas held a harmonious

primary meeting to-day and elected the following delegates to the county

convention: D. J. Riley, C. C. Donnelly, D. P. Plummer,

H. B. Coshaw, Wm. Grant, C. O. Bell, E. Buddie,

D. P. Stauffer, Fred Toner, A. J. Baxter,

James Elliot, Green Campbell, L. N. Woods

and D. Hubbard. The republican county

convention meets next Saturday. Following are the

resolutions adopted by the delegates: The republican

county convention from four precincts: Dixie, George

White, J. C. Allen, H. C. Fox, Bridgeport, C. Farley,

John T. Hall, William Mason, Douglas Hill, Frank

Yocum, Jackson, J. W. E. Conner, W. W. Stinson,

A. C. Conner, W. B. Caldwell, Douglas, D. B. E. Stone,

Harry Cook, W. Savage.

CLACKAMAS COUNTY.

OREGON CITY, April 10.—The Clackamas

county republican convention met to-day. The

following nominations were made: State senator,

Peter Paquet, E. W. Hartman, Jas. W. Tracy;

county judge, John W. Weidman; clerk, H. H. Johnson;

sheriff, W. B. E. Stone; school superintendent, W. B. E. Stone;

recorder, W. P. Whitlock; treasurer, R. B. Califf;

assessor, J. W. Noble; school superintendent, Alexander

Thomson; surveyor, Sidney Smyth; coroner, C. P. Sullivan;

# IN THE FISTIC ARENA.

Battle of the Bantam Light

Weights To-Night.

MIKE C. CONLEY AND JOHN CLARKE

Riverdale's Sprayed Ashes-Gorman and Lynn

Giving Exhibitions—"Don't Want to Meet

J. m-General Sporting Gossip.

The battle between the bantam weights!

That is the principal topic of conversation

in local sporting circles at present. Pete

Shea and Billy O'Donnell, the contestants,

will appear at the Theater Royal under the

management of Jack Letcher this evening.

Both men are determined, each has a reputation

at stake, and the contest is certain to be a hot one.

Shea, although he has never appeared before the

sports public of Portland before, is a pugilist of

phenomenal rasher and his well-known ex-

cellent boxing record is a guarantee of his

fighting ability. He is a "pud" as a snap

in the sporting vernacular is called, as he is

very clever with the gloves himself. Besides,

he is ambitious, and knowing ones

will not be surprised to find him a

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# ALONG THE EAST SIDE.

Soliciting Aid for an Alleged

Needy Family.

IT MAY PROVE TO BE A ROGUS CASE

A Financial Statement of the Condition of the

Baby Home—Old Fellow's Anecdote—

Fairview Boating, Etc.

It is reported that the city is being

casualty by two men with a petition asking aid

for a destitute and sick family in Portland.

There is no desire nor intention to stand in

the way of any benevolent purpose, but it

seems if any such family exists in Portland

it is not necessary to ask the people of East

Portland to relieve them as Portland has a

board of charity, organized for the express

purpose of relieving just such a case as is

here reported on both sides of the river, and

this board stands ready to relieve all honest

poverty and need at all times. It is not

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# INDIAN DEPREDAATION CLAIMS.

Provisions of the Bill Reported to the

House—A Special Court.

WASHINGTON, April 10.—[Special Telegram.]—

The bill reported on by the committee on

Indian depredation claims, and championed

by Representative Hermann, the chairman,

to the house, provides for a court of three

judges to be appointed by the president,

the court to continue in existence until

December 1, 1891. It is to finally adjudge

all claims for property of citizens of the

United States taken or destroyed by Indians

without just cause or provocation. The

statute of limitations shall not be a bar to

any claim, except that no claim according

to the bill shall be made after January 1,

1891, shall be made after January 1, 1891,

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**DR. SCHENCK'S**  
Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Sore Throat, Asthma, Hay Fever, Etc.  
The best medicine for all these ailments. It is a simple, safe, and reliable remedy. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sold everywhere.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
33 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.  
Best in the world. Made in the U.S.A. Price 25 cents per pair. Sold everywhere.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
33 SHOE FOR LADIES.  
Best in the world. Made in the U.S.A. Price 25 cents per pair. Sold everywhere.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
33 SHOE FOR BOYS.  
Best in the world. Made in the U.S.A. Price 25 cents per pair. Sold everywhere.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
33 SHOE FOR MEN.  
Best in the world. Made in the U.S.A. Price 25 cents per pair. Sold everywhere.

**W. L. DOUGLAS**  
33 SHOE FOR WOMEN.  
Best in the world. Made in the U.S.A. Price 25 cents per pair. Sold everywhere.

**THE KEY CITY OF PUGET SOUND**  
More than 310,000 Worth of Choice City Lots. Have been sold by us in the last 10 days.

**THE BEST HARBOR IN THE WORLD**  
STILL AHEAD. CORPUS CHRISTI. RAYS HARBOR IS SECONDARY TO PORTLAND.

**FINANCE AND TRADE.**  
The market shows no change. Wheat, 100 bushels, 1.00; Corn, 100 bushels, .75; Oats, 100 bushels, .50.

**THE MARKETS.**  
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